Multi-Band End Fed Antennas and much much more!



Bob Brehm, AK6R Chief Engineer Palomar-Engineers.com



Mahoning Valley ARC - 2/8/2024 This presentation available on website Copyright 2013-2023 Palomar Engineers, Inc.

Palomar Engineers Short History

- Founded in 1965 by Jack Althouse, K6NY
- Reorganized in 2013 as RFI Solutions & Antenna Company
- **Objective:** Provide products that make radio communication more effective & enjoyable

Product Line

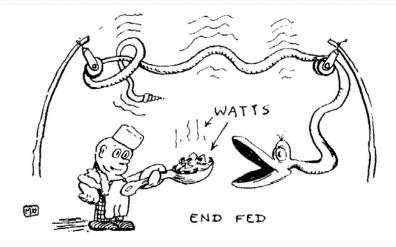
- Antenna Systems (OCF, End Fed, Loop, Terminated)
- Baluns, Ununs, Feedline Chokes & Coax Noise Filters
- RFI Solution Kits for Hams, Household, Marine/RV
- Ferrite Core Products Ring, Snap On, Slip On
- Kurt Sterba Books/Free Downloads
- **Distribution:** Ham Radio Outlet, Direct, eBay
- Markets: Amateur, Consumer, Commercial, and Military

End Fed Antenna Workshop Topics



End Fed Workshop Topics

- Short overview of antenna feed point options
- Dipole, OCF, Zepp, overview
- Popular End Fed Antennas
 - <u>Resonant End Fed Half Wave</u>
 - Non-Resonant End Fed Long Wire
 - Resonant End Fed OCF (EFOCF)
- Typical Configurations that work all the time
- How to choose an End Fed Antenna that fits your needs (bands, space, power)
- Feed Line Chokes, Coax Noise Filters, Antenna Switches
- Q & A



Thinking cap time.....

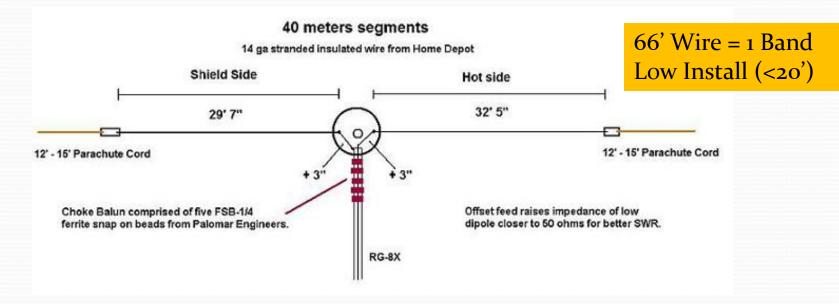
Antenna Feed Options

CENTER FED

OFF-CENTER FED

END FED

Resonant Dipole Examples



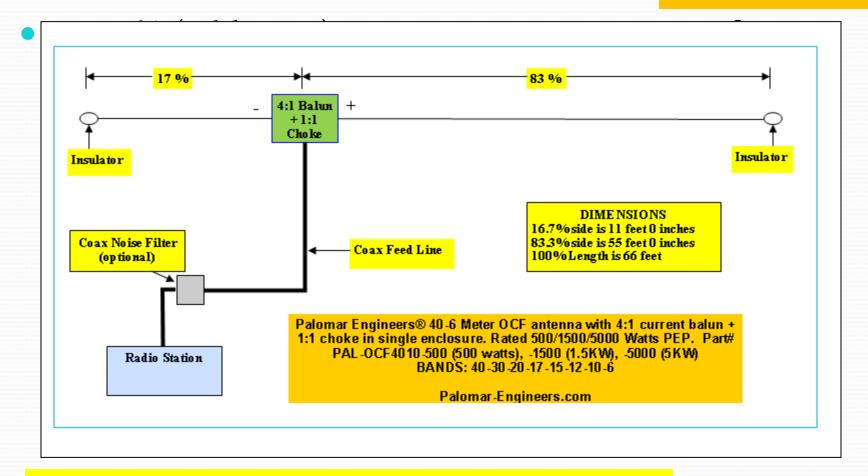
Center Fed <u>Single Band</u> Dipole

Z = 25-120 ohms depending on wave length height above ground For very low dipoles center point Z is < 50 ohms, so a trick is to feed slightly off center (one side longer) to raise the Z and lower the SWR (see above) Total length = 468/F (MHz)

Goal: Show how to optimize use of 66' wire

Palomar OCF

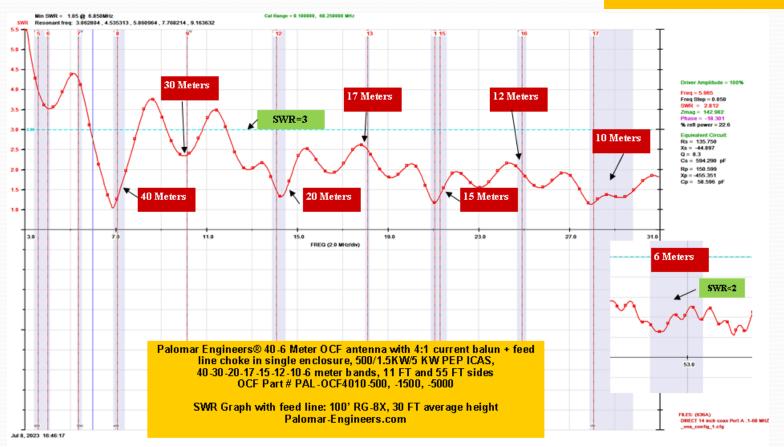
Palomar OCF Layout – 40-6 meters – 66 Ft (55' + 11') $\frac{66' \text{ Wire = 8 Bands}}{\text{Install > 20'}}$



We have OCF dipoles that cover 80-6, 40-6 or 20-6 meters

OCF SWR

OCF SWR (40-6 Meters) 66' Wire = 8 Bands



Very Popular > 1000 in use

End Fed Antennas

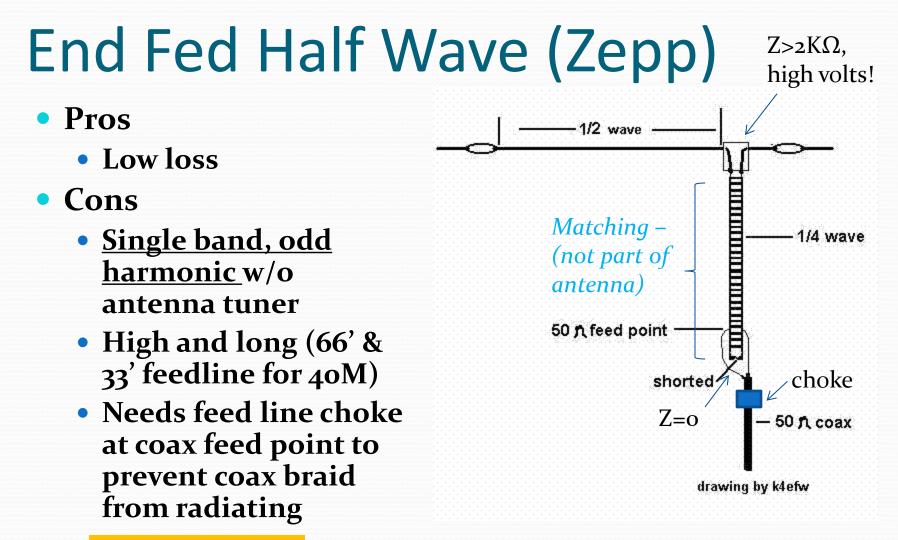
End Fed Antenna Types

• End Fed Zepp (aka J-Pole)

End Fed Half Wave

Non-Resonate End Fed Long Wire

Resonant End Fed OCF (EFOCF)



66' Wire = 1 Band

#1 End Fed Half Wave

Palomar EFHW Product

49:1 Unun 50Ω:2450Ω Unun



Feed line choke & wire

Configuration

Palomar EFHW Configuration



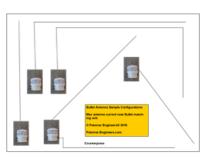
Max antenna current near center of antenna

Coax feed line length > 25 feet

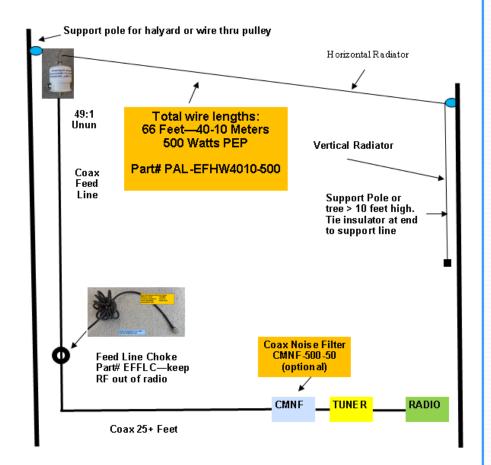
Feed Line Choke helps keep RF out of radio during transmit

© Palomar Engineers® 2016-2023

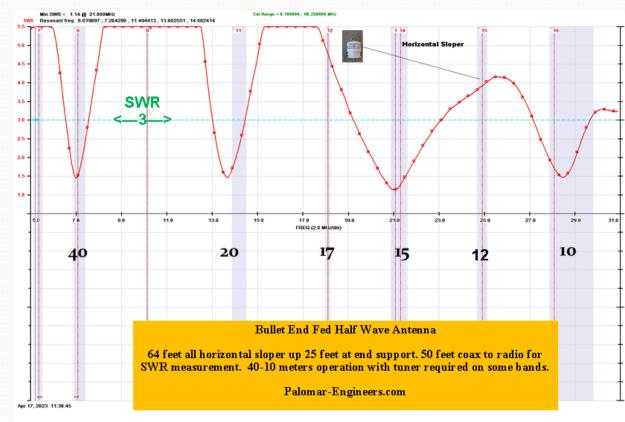
Palomar-Engineers.com



Other Possible Configurations



Palomar EFHW-4010 (40,20,15,10)



66' Wire = 4 Band

This configuration typical of most competing brands -66 feet, only 4 bands! 49:1 high impedance unun, voltage fed with high voltage caution required! Note: 49:1 ununs have limited bandwidth so no WARC or 6 meters!

Caution!!!

Caution: EFHW High Voltages

CU-49, CU-64 Unun for End Fed Antennas					
Output Terminal Voltage Calcs E = SQRT (P*R)					
RATIO:	49:1	64:1			
Watts Input	Volts (r=2450 ohms)	Volts (r=3200 ohms)			
10	157	179			
20	221	253			
30	271 310				
40	313	358			
50	350	400			
100	495	566			
200	700	800			
300	857	980			
400	990	1131			
500	1107	1265			
600	1212	1386			
700	1310	1497			
800	1400	1600			
900	1485	1697			
1000	1565	1789			
1500	1917	2191			
2000	2214	2530			

Keep feed point away from kids, pets & people due to high voltage which may kill or start a fire under the right conditions!

DISCONTINUED

This antenna has been replaced with the safer, shorter and far superior End Fed OCF Antenna

#2 - Non Resonant EFLW

Palomar Bullet-71 Antenna



lalyard

9:1





500 Watts PEP Bullet™ End Fed Antenna System 71 Ft Antenna Wire (80-6M) + BULLET-9U-500 Unun + Snap On Feed Line Choke Preassembled & Tested Part#: BAS-71-500







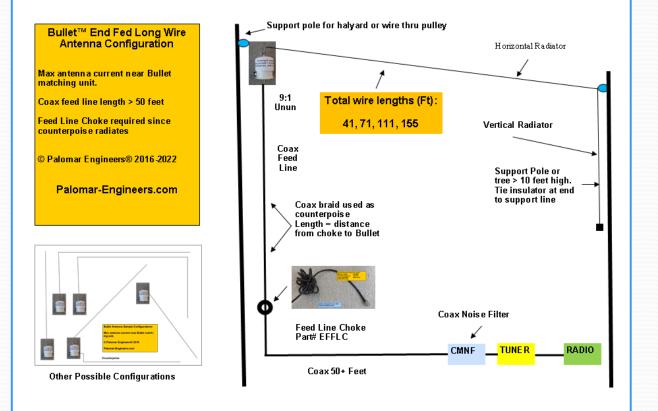
1500 Watts PEP Bullet[™] End Fed Antenna System 71 Ft Antenna Wire (80-6M) + SBULLET-9U-1500 Unun + Snap On Feed Line Choke Preassembled & Tested

Part#: BAS-71-1500



 Typical Non-Resonant End Fed

 Antenna Setup (like OCF)



Resonant outside ham bands

Wire = 71' Choke at 42' Length = 113' F = 4.14 MHz

Can work 80, 60 with tuner

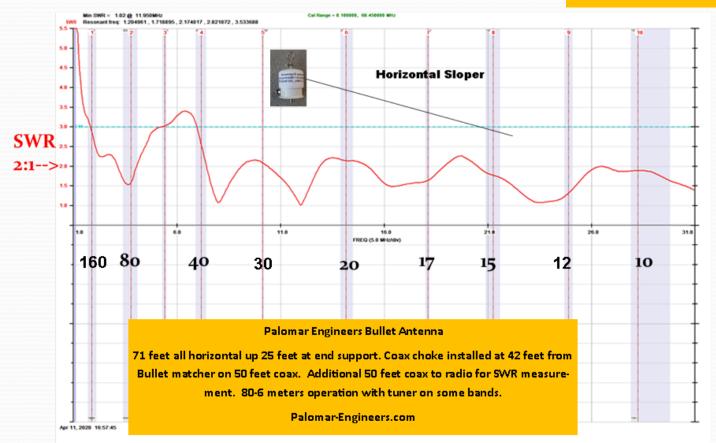
Coax braid radiates (down to choke) like wire

Bullet – 71' most popular length, 80-6 meters with tuner, over 5000 in use – at HRO or direct

SWR Factors

Bullet-71'- SWR

71' Wire = 10 Bands Choke on coax at 42'



All bands < 3:1, most under 2:1, tuner needed on 80

#3 - Resonant EF OCF

Bullet-4006 – OCF End Fed



Bullet OCF End Fed Antenna System 40-30-20-17-15-12-10-6 Meters Wire: 55 FT, Choke at 12 FT 100 Watts PEP/100 Watts Digital

Part# BULLET-4006-100







Bullet OCF End Fed Antenna System 40-30-20-17-15-12-10-6 Meters Wire: 55 FT, Choke at 12 FT 500 Watts PEP/300 Watts Digital

Part# BULLET-4006-500



Bullet OCF End Fed Antenna System 40-30-20-17-15-12-10-6 Meters Wire: 55 FT, Choke at 12 FT 1500 Watts PEP/750 Watts Digital

Part# BULLET-4006-1500





55' Wire, Choke on coax at 12'

Also Available: Bullet-2006: 20-17-15-12-10-6, Wire length = 25', choke at 7' Bullet-8006: 80-40-30-20-17-15-12-11-10-6 , Wire = 95', choke at 40'

Config \rightarrow

Palomar Resonant End Fed Long

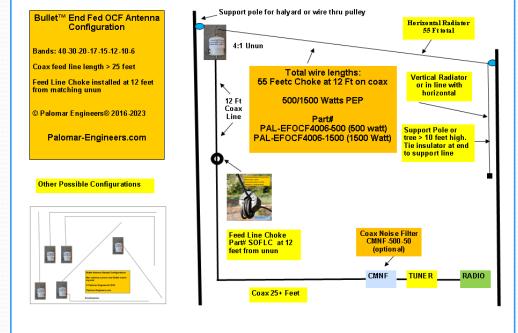
Wire Antenna

• Pros

- Wire length < ¹/₂ wave
- 40-30-20-17-15-12-10-6
- Stealth for HOA
- Ultra broadband 4:1 unun
- Total antenna is 55+12 = 67', but with lower SWR like OCF
- Safe & simple <u>low voltage</u> matching

• Cons

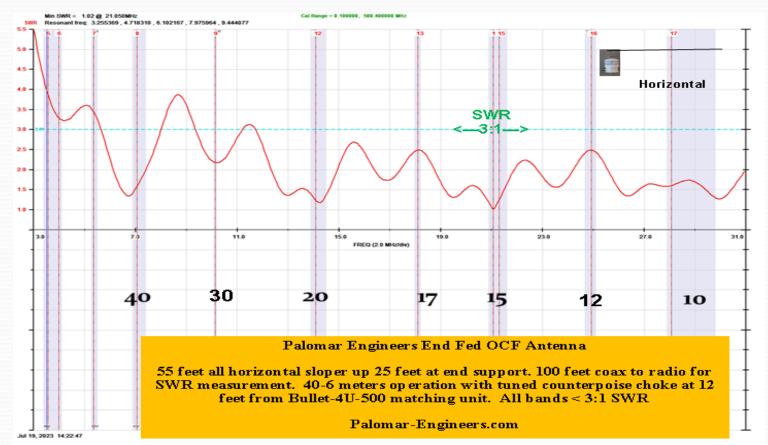
- Coax acts as counterpoise and radiates (OCF)
- Some bands may require antenna tuner in radio



PART#: BULLET-4006-100/500/1500

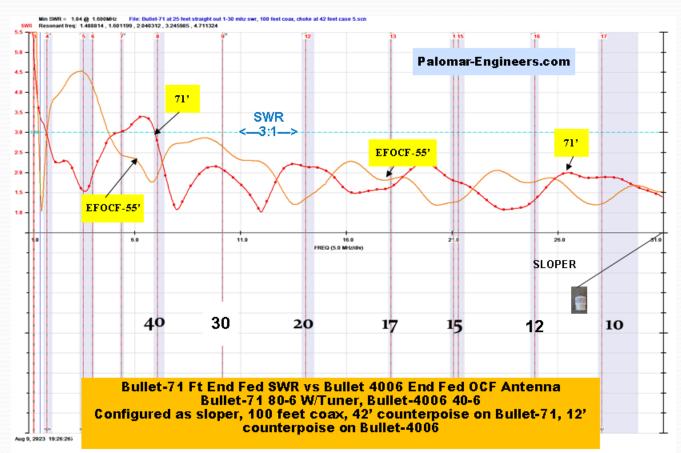
BULLET-4006 SWR

Bullet-4006 SWR 40-6M 55' Wire = 8 Bands



Resonant EFLW vs Non-Resonant Bullet-71

Bullet-4006 vs Bullet-71 SWR



55 feet Bullet 4006 has better SWR 40-6 meters, but no 80, 60 A

All Compared

Antenna:	EFHW-40	NREFLW	EFOCF-4006	OCF-4010
Wire Length	66	71	55	66
Counterpoise (ft)	16	<u>42</u>	12	
8oM (tuner)		\checkmark		
6oM (tuner)		\checkmark		
40M	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
зоМ		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
20M	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark
17M		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
15M	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
12M		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
10M	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
6M		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Min Coax	25	50	25	25
Unun Ratio	49:1	9:1	4:1	4:1+1:1
Other	Hi voltage feed point	Low volts, coax radiates, tuner	Low volts, coax radiates	Low volts, no coax radiation

End Fed Antenna Choices Recap

- End Fed Half Wave ½ wavelength at lowest frequency, harmonics only, requires high Z (49:1) limited bandwidth matching unit, high voltage at feed point NO WARC bands or 6 meter coverage
- Non-Resonant End Fed < ¹/₂ wavelength at lowest frequency, uses <u>simple</u> matching (9:1), <u>low voltage</u> feed point, <u>works all bands including WARC</u>, coax radiates for additional band coverage, tuner needed some bands
- Resonant End Fed OCF (EFOCF) < ¹/₂ wavelength at lowest frequency, uses even simpler 4:1 wide band matching, lower voltage feed point, <u>works all bands</u> <u>including WARC</u>, 6M, excellent SWR similar to full OCF antenna but shorter

<u>Most Convenient End Fed is the Resonant End Fed OCF (EFOCF)</u> <u>Antenna followed by the Non-Resonant Long Wire</u>

Question: So how do you set up end fed long wire antennas?



Secrets of End Fed Antennas

How to determine the wire length to use (antenna, coax and counterpoise lengths)

How to match the antenna to coax cable (matching unit values and placement)

Choosing a configuration that fits the location (vertical, sloper, inverted L, horizontal options, zig-zag)

Choosing a feed line choke or noise filter
 (selection and installation)

How do these steps apply to your end fed use & location?

How long?

Non-Resonant end fed antenna

wire length options

- Antenna Wire longer for better low band operation
- Coax Cable used as counterpoise place choke at suggested lengths from matching unit (RG-8X ok to 1000 watts)

Suggested non-resonant wire lengths for 1.8-31 MHz operation (measured from Bullet antenna wire terminal):

Bands Covered (meters)	Wire Length (feet)	Counterpoise Coax Length (feet)	Part#
80-40-30-20-17-15-12-10- 6	71	42	BAS-71
160-80-40-30-20-17-15- 12-10	155	95	BAS-155

Available at HRO and direct

Resonant EFOCF

Resonant end fed (EFOCF) antenna

wire length options

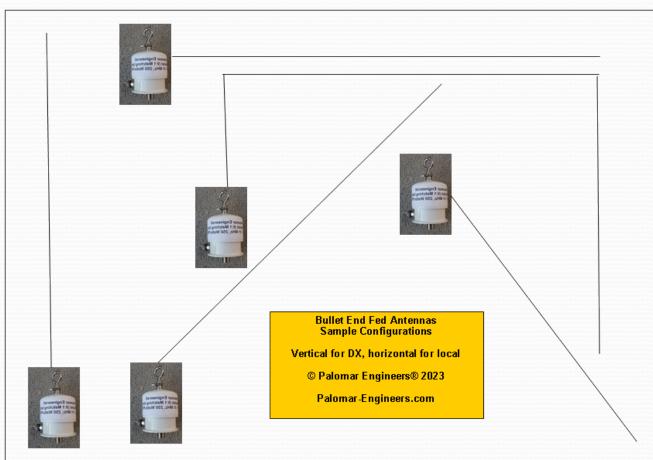
- Antenna Wire choose for bands desired
- Coax Cable used as counterpoise place choke at suggested lengths from matching unit (RG-8X ok to 1000 watts)

Suggested non-resonant wire lengths for 1.8-54 MHz operation (measured from Bullet antenna wire terminal):

Bands Covered (meters)	Wire Length (feet)	Counterpoise Coax Length (feet)	Part#
20-17-15-12-10-6	25	7	BULLET-2006
40-30-20-17-15-12-10-6	55	12	BULLET-4006
80-60-40-30-20-17-15- 12-10-6	95	40	BULLET-8006



End Fed Configurations



NOTES:

Slope up or down, Inverted L or N, Zigzag, all horizontal or vertical ok, 90 bend OK, NO coax under antenna, coax radiates so keep high, wind in loop if necessary

Keep antenna (wire & coax to choke) as high as possible

SWR Factors

End Fed SWR Factors

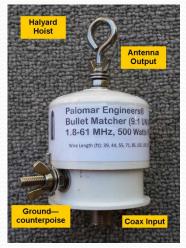
- Configuration shape (Inverted L, flat top, sloper, zigzag)
- Feed line choke/noise filter placement <u>at radio end</u>
- Top feed or bottom feed feed sloper at top end
- Soil Conductivity install over/near water
- Keep at least 3 feet from metal objects (mast, gutter)

Matching the end fed antenna to coax cable

- UNUNs are your friend
 - NREFLW Antenna feed point impedance: 300-900 Ω
 - 9:1 unun = 33 to 100Ω at coax (SWR < 2:1)
 - EFOCF impedance is 100-400 Ω
 - 4:1 unun = 25-100 Ω at coax (SWR < 2:1)
- Connections for coax, antenna feed point and counterpoise (NREFLW only)
- Power Ratings PEP to match your station (note Palomar PEP ratings range from 25% to 50% duty cycle depending upon mode)

Unun examples

4:1/9:1 Ununs-100/500/1500/5000



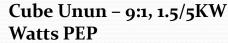
Bullet-9U-500 -500 Watts PEP

Bullet-9U-100 -100 Watts PEP/FT8









These PEP values are accurate when used into a properly matched load

Feedline Choke Needed



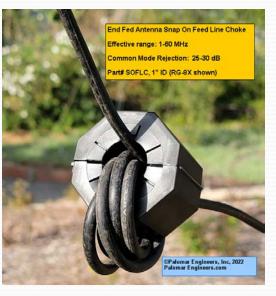
Choosing an End Fed Coax Choke



Ring – 8-10 turns Higher Impedance - \$10

Criteria to Consider

- Adequate Choking Impedance (Z) > 500 Ω
- Effective Frequency Range where Z>500 Ω
- Sufficient Power Rating (PEP, Digital)
- Physical Size/Weight



Snap on – 5-6 turns RG-8X or 3 turns LMR-400 size coax – use 2 chokes Easier to position - \$20/ea

Part# SOFLC

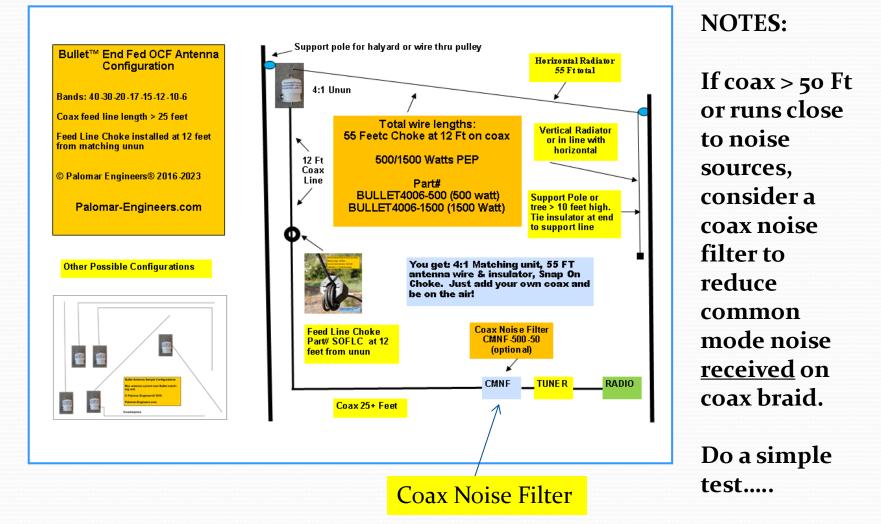
DIY Specials

Bullet Antenna Parts for DIY



What about antenna noise issues?

Radio System Installation



Install Coax Noise Filter to Suppress <u>Receive</u> RFI

Less common mode noise (RFI) = More DX! How to select and install filters for maximum effect

Quick Test for Common Mode RFI



Coax Center Conductor Only—measure noise level

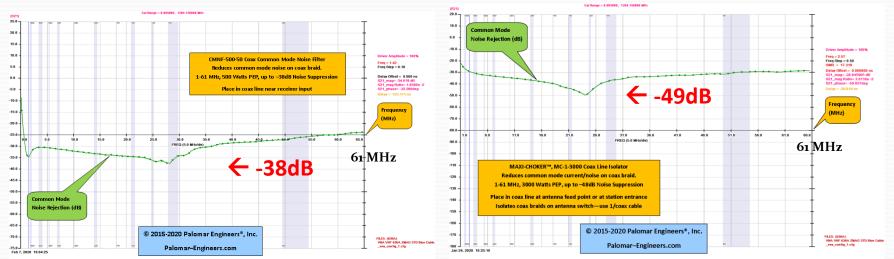


Coax Center Conductor and outer shield measure noise level. If higher, then you have common mode noise

Power Options



Choose choke with CMRR > 20 dB over frequency range used



Coax Noise Filter (CMNF-500-50) 1-65 MHz, 500 Watts PEP, Up to 38 dB reduction (6 "S" units of common mode noise gone!



In the second se

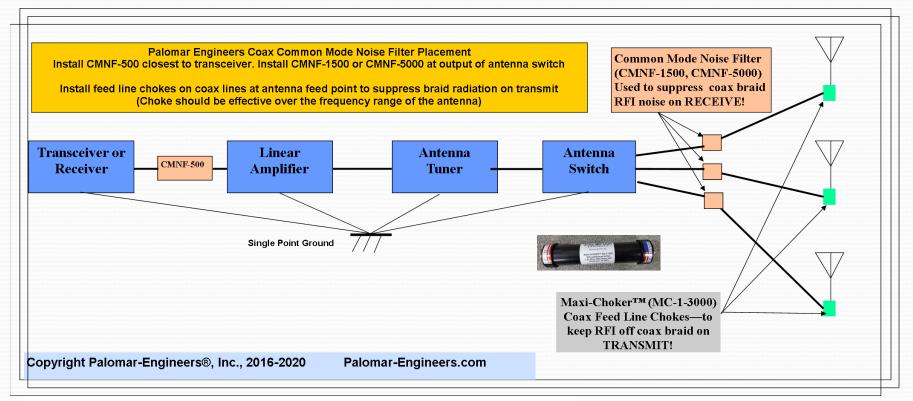
MC-1-500, MC-1-1500 MC-1-3000 MC-1-5000

Maxi-Choker (part# MC-1-3000 – 3KW PEP) 1-61 MHz, 3KW PEP, 2 pound. All coax lines, <u>Optional</u> ground, static bleeder, up to 49 dB suppression!

DO NOT BUY CHOKES with NO SPECS!

1 "S" unit = 6 dB, 36 dB = 6 "S" units

Coax Noise Filter Installation

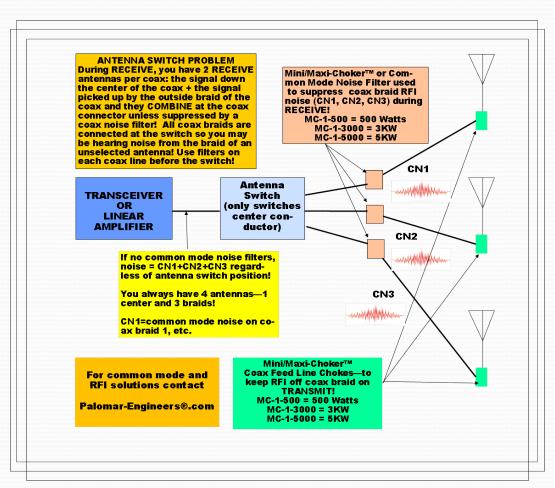


Where to Install

- Choke at antenna for <u>TRANSMIT</u> RFI
- Noise Filter at Antenna Switch for <u>RECEIVE</u> RFI
- Between Transceiver and Amplifier
- Single point ground system

Antenna Switch Solution

Antenna Switch Solution





500 watt Mini-Chokers



Coax Braid Isolators

RFI Issues

Solving RFI Problems

Stop Transmit RFI to Electronic Devices Reduce Receiver RFI noise



Typical RFI Solutions

- Keep antenna (and coax) away from house wiring including AC power, Cable/Satellite feeds, telephone lines as <u>these wires can act as receive "antennas"</u> and overload attached electronics OR these "antennas" can transmit spurious signals (and noise) to your antenna and coax giving a high noise floor.
- Use Palomar RFI kits to solve RFI interference or noise issues in your own home or neighbor's. See website for specific electronic device details.

Your Shack RFI Kits

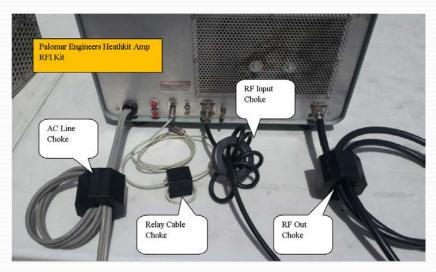
Transceiver/Amp RFI Kits

Palomar RFI kits for all brands of transceivers and amplifiers

Transceiver RFI Kit



Linear Amplifier RFI Kit

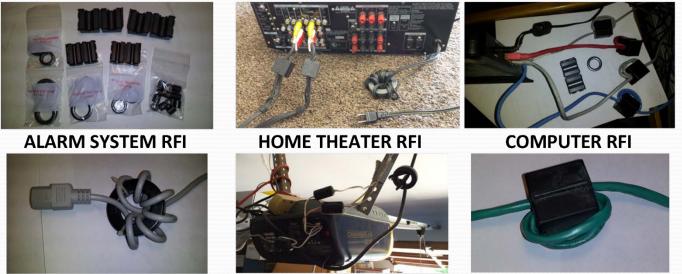


RULE # 1: Clean up your transmitter & amp RFI first!

Household/Neighbor's RFI

Neighborhood RFI Solutions

MY HOME or NEIGHBOR'S HOME



MISCELLANEOUS RFI

GARAGE DOOR

TELEPHONE/DSL RFI

Recommendation: Use RFI kits for specific problems, have neighbor purchase and install – DO NOT make mods to neighbors equipment! MOST problems are RFI picked up by AC power/phone lines so ferrite filters work well.

Ferrite Combo Kits - NEWBIES

Receive RFI Solution

Use Ferrite Combo RFI Kits for Newbies

Ferrite Combo Kits for Troubleshooting Multiple RFI Issues include <u>multiple ferrite shapes and sizes</u>

¹/₂" ID snap-ons and 1.4" ID rings are the most popular sizes and can be used to solve most ham radio HF RFI problems

or





Palomar-Engineers.com

Use Discount code "NEWBIE24" – get 10% off website orders thru 6/30/2024

Buy 9 Get 1 FREE!



Test Time

Question #1

- What characteristics of a non-resonant end fed antenna make it superior to a half wave end fed antenna?
- A) Non-resonant will work on even <u>and</u> odd harmonic frequencies
- B) Half wave has complicated matching unit with high voltage, non-resonant has simple matching and lower feed point voltage
- C) Non-resonant can work the WARC bands
- D) Non-resonant antennas radiate as well as resonant antennas
- E) All of the above
- F) None of the above
- G) I have no idea I was asleep during the talk

Question #2

<u>Where</u> do you place the feed line choke on a nonresonant end fed antenna?

- A) right below the matching unit to choke off all coax shield radiation
- B) at the radio end of the coax about 30% of coax + antenna wire length
- C) in the middle of the coax length to balance the radiation
- D) between the antenna tuner and the transceiver
- E) end fed antennas don't need feed line chokes

Question #3



- What is one of the best kept secrets in ham radio?
- a)Ladder line has more loss than coax
- b) An antenna has to be resonant in the ham bands to radiate in the ham bands
- c) All end fed antennas work on all frequencies, so buy the cheapest
- d) Coax noise filters reduce common mode noise level in your receiver so you can hear more stations
- e) All extra class hams go to heaven

Bonus Prize Question #4

 Which company is your best source for End Fed Antennas and RFI solutions?

RFI Solutions Experts

RFI Solutions from KHz to GHz

- Website: www.Palomar-Engineers.com
- Email: Sales@Palomar-Engineers.com
- Phone: 760-747-3343
- Bob Brehm, AK6R Chief Engineer
- This presentation available on the website.