# Multi-Band End Fed Antennas and much much more!



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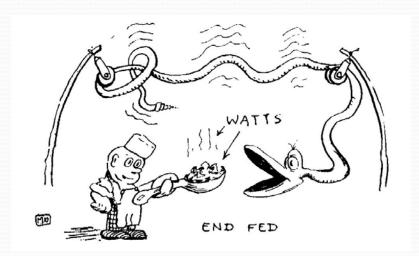
## Palomar Engineers Short History

- Founded in 1965 by Jack Althouse, K6NY
- Reorganized in 2013 as RFI Solutions & Antenna Company
- **Objective:** Provide products that make radio communication more effective & enjoyable
- Product Line
  - Antenna Systems (OCF, End Fed, Loop, Terminated)
  - Baluns, Ununs, Feedline Chokes & Coax Noise Filters
  - RFI Solution Kits for Hams, Household, Marine/RV
  - Ferrite Core Products Ring, Snap On, Slip On
  - Kurt Sterba Books/Free Downloads
- **Distribution:** Ham Radio Outlet, Direct, eBay
- Markets: Amateur, Consumer, Commercial, and Military

# **End Fed Workshop Topics**



- Short overview of antenna feed point options
- Dipole, OCF, Zepp, overview
- Popular End Fed Antennas
  - Resonant End Fed Half Wave
  - Non-Resonant End Fed Long Wire
  - Resonant End Fed Long Wire (EFOCF)
- Typical Configurations that work all the time
- How to choose an End Fed Antenna that fits your needs (bands, space, power)
- Feed Line Chokes, Antenna Switches
- A & O



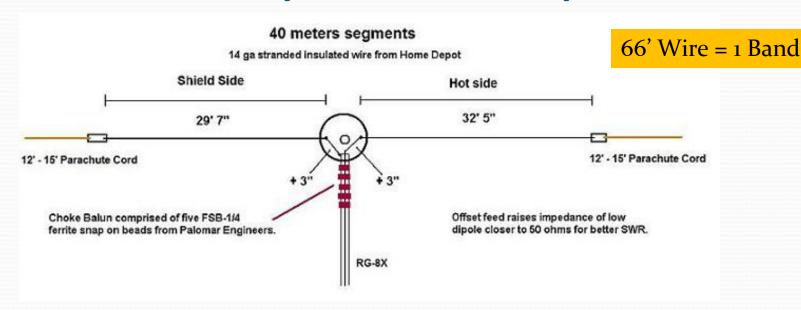
# Antenna Feed Options

**CENTER FED** 

OFF-CENTER FED

**END FED** 

## Resonant Dipole Examples



#### **Center Fed Single Band** Dipole

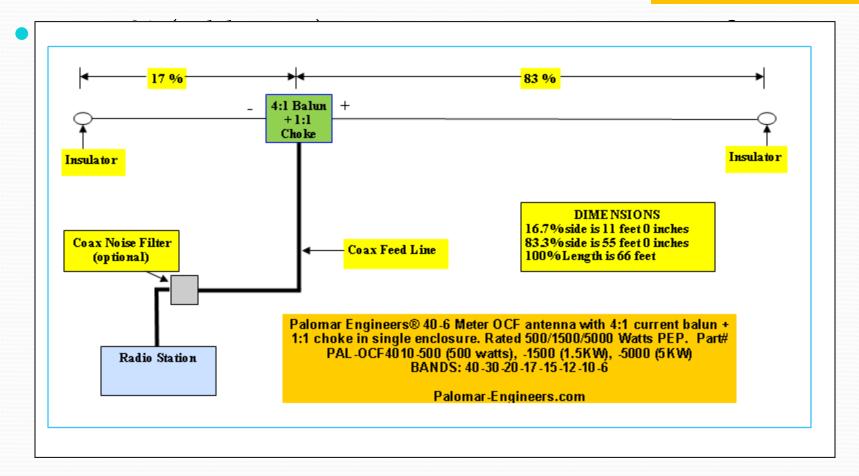
Z = 25-120 ohms depending on wave length height above ground For very low dipoles center point Z is < 50 ohms, so a trick is to feed slightly off center (one side longer) to raise the Z and lower the SWR Total length = 468/F (MHz)

Goal: How to optimize use of 66' wire

# Palomar OCF Layout – 40-6 meters

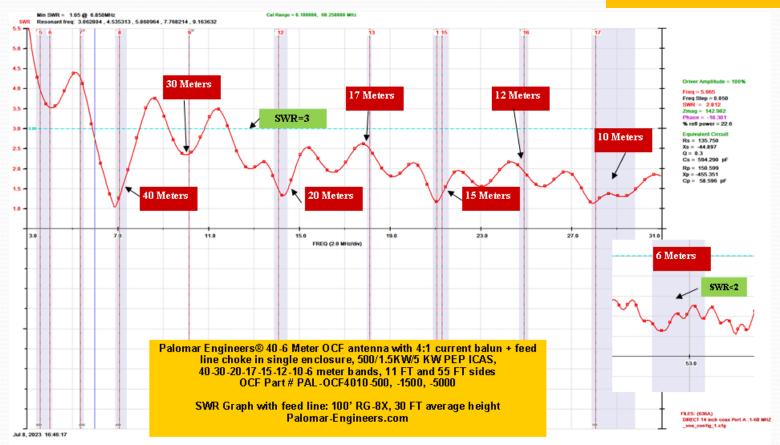
- 66 Ft (55' + 11')

66' Wire = 8 Bands



# OCF SWR (40-6 Meters)

66' Wire = 8 Bands



Very Popular > 1000 in use

**End Fed Antennas** 

## End Fed Antenna Types

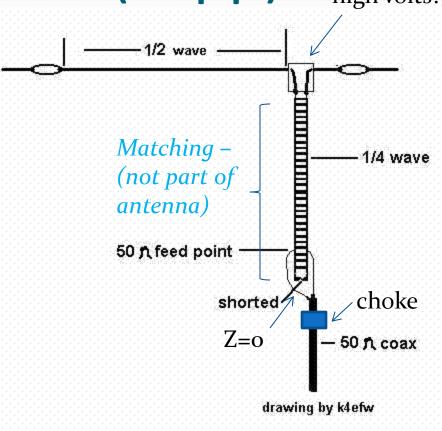
- End Fed Zepp (aka J-Pole)
  - End Fed Half Wave
  - Non-Resonate End Fed

Resonant End Fed (EFOCF)

## End Fed Half Wave (Zepp)

 $Z>2K\Omega$ , high volts!

- Pros
  - Low loss
- Cons
  - Single band, odd harmonic w/o antenna tuner
  - High and long (66' & 33' feedline for 40M)
  - Needs feed line choke at coax feed point to prevent coax braid from radiating



66' Wire = 1 Band

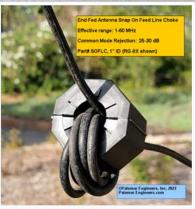
#1 End Fed Half Wave

### Palomar EFHW Product

49:1 Unun



Feed line choke & wire





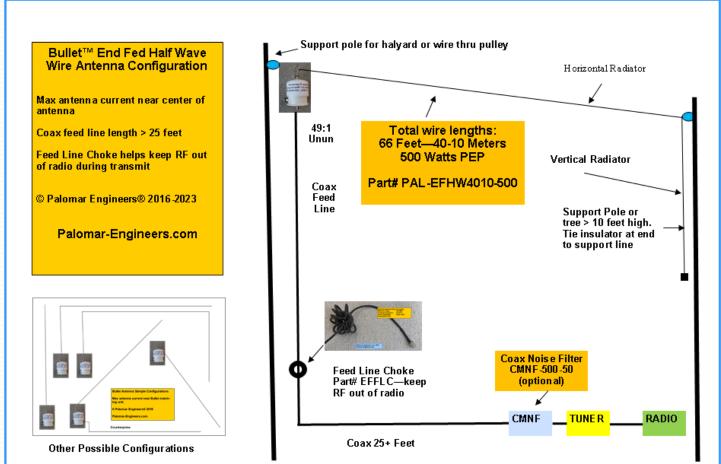
Bullet End Fed Half Wave Antenna System 66 Ft Wire (40-10M) + Snap On Feed Line Choke

300 W SSB/150 W Digital

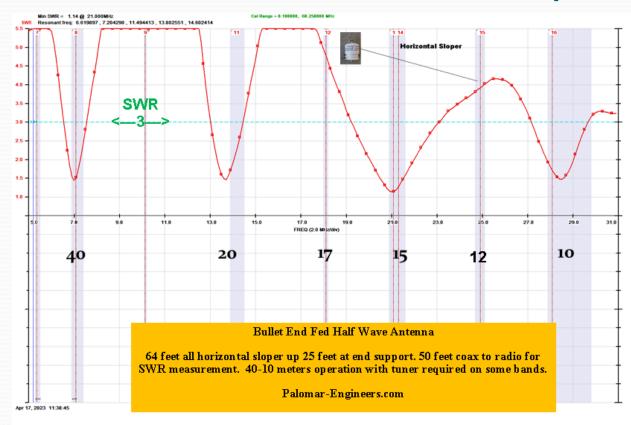
Part#: PAL-EFHW4010-300

Configuration

## Palomar EFHW Configuration



## Palomar EFHW-4010 (40,20,15,10)



66' Wire = 4 Band

This configuration typical of most competing brands – 66 feet, only 4 bands! 49:1 high impedance unun, voltage fed with high voltage caution required!

Note: 49:1 ununs have limited bandwidth so no WARC or 6 meters!

## Caution: EFHW High Voltages

CU-49, CU-64 Unun for End Fed Antennas						
Output Terminal Voltage Calcs E = SQRT (P*R)						
	-					
RATIO:	49:1	64:1				
Watts Input	Volts (r=2450 ohms)	Volts (r=3200 ohms)				
10	157	179				
20	221	253				
30	271	310				
40	313	358				
50	350	400				
100	495	566				
200	700	800				
300	857	980				
400	990	1131				
500	1107	1265				
600	1212	1386				
700	1310	1497				
800	1400	1600				
900	1485	1697				
1000	1565	1789				
1500	1917	2191				
2000	2214	2530				

Keep feed point away from kids, pets & people due to high voltage which may kill or start a fire under the right conditions!

#### **DISCONTINUED**

This antenna has been replaced with the safer, shorter and far superior End Fed OCF Antenna

### Palomar Bullet-71 Antenna









500 Watts PEP
Bullet™ End Fed Antenna System
71 Ft Antenna Wire (80-6M) +
BULLET-9U-500 Unun +
Snap On Feed Line Choke
Preassembled & Tested
Part#: BAS-71-500









1500 Watts PEP
Bullet™ End Fed Antenna System
71 Ft Antenna Wire (80-6M) +
SBULLET-9U-1500 Unun +
Snap On Feed Line Choke
Preassembled & Tested

Part#: BAS-71-1500

# Typical Non-Resonant End Fed Antenna Setup (like OCF) Resona

Support pole for halyard or wire thru pulley Bullet™ End Fed Long Wire Antenna Configuration Horizontal Radiator Max antenna current near Bullet matching unit. Total wire lengths (Ft): Coax feed line length > 50 feet Unun Feed Line Choke required since 41, 71, 111, 155 Vertical Radiator counterpois e radiates Cnax © Palomar Engineers® 2016-2022 Feed Line Support Pole or tree > 10 feet high. Palomar-Engineers.com Tie insulator at end to support line Coax braid used as counterpois e Length = distance from choke to Bullet Coax Nois e Filter Feed Line Choke Part# EFFLC RADIO Coax 50+ Feet Other Possible Configurations

Resonant outside ham bands

Wire = 71'
Choke at 42'
Length = 113'
F = 4.14 MHz

Can work 80, 60 with tuner

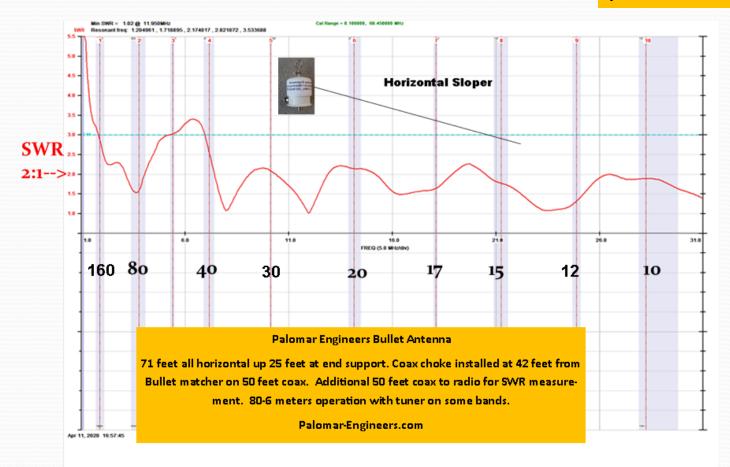
Coax braid radiates (down to choke) like wire

Bullet - 71' most popular length, 80-6 meters with tuner, over 4000 in use - at HRO or direct

**SWR Factors** 

### Bullet-71'- SWR

71' Wire = 10 Bands



All bands < 3:1, most under 2:1, tuner needed on 80

#3 - Resonant EFLW

### Bullet-4006 - OCF End Fed



Bullet OCF End Fed Antenna System 40-30-20-17-15-12-10-6 Meters Wire: 55 FT, Choke at 12 FT 100 Watts PEP/100 Watts Digital

Part# BULLET-4006-100







Bullet OCF End Fed Antenna System 40-30-20-17-15-12-10-6 Meters Wire: 55 FT, Choke at 12 FT 500 Watts PEP/300 Watts Digital

Part# BULLET-4006-500







Bullet OCF End Fed Antenna System 40-30-20-17-15-12-10-6 Meters Wire: 55 FT, Choke at 12 FT 1500 Watts PEP/750 Watts Digital

Part# BULLET-4006-1500





#### Also Available:

Bullet-2006: 20-17-15-12-10-6, Wire length = 25', choke at 7'

Bullet-8006: 80-40-30-20-17-15-12-11-10-6, Wire = 95', choke at 40'

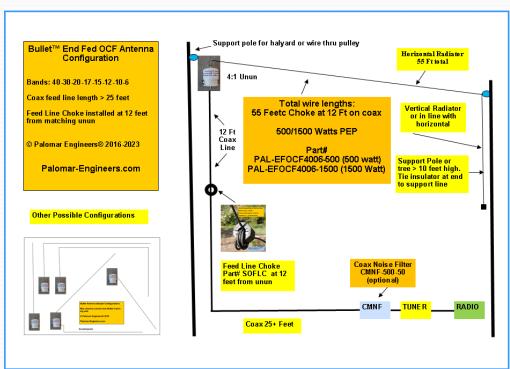
## Palomar <u>Resonant</u> End Fed Long Wire Antenna

#### Pros

- Wire length < ½ wave
- 40-30-20-17-12-10-6
- Stealth for HOA
- Ultra broadband 4:1 unun
- Total antenna is 55+12 = 67', but with lower SWR like OCF
- Safe & simple <u>low voltage</u> matching

#### Cons

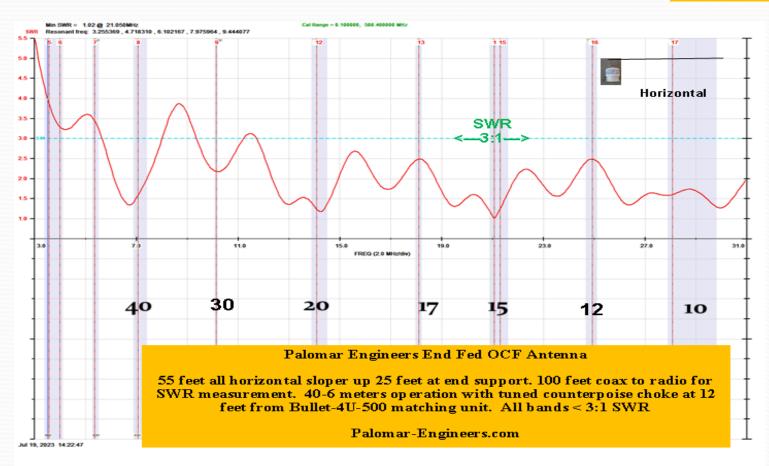
- Coax acts as counterpoise and radiates (OCF)
- Some bands may require antenna tuner in radio



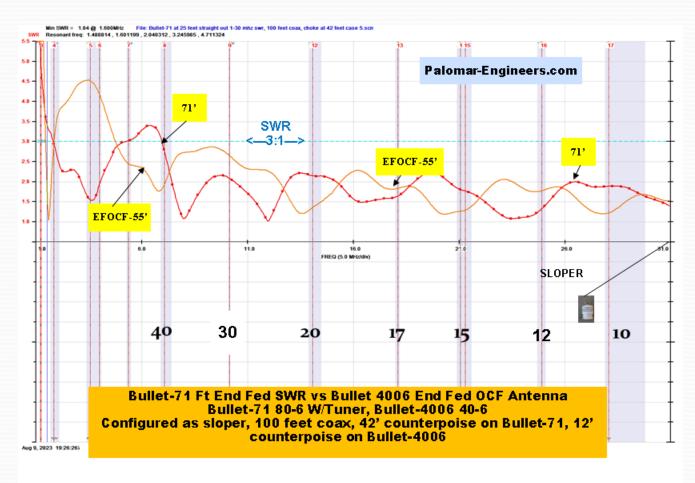
PART#: BULLET-4006-100/500/1500

### Bullet-4006 SWR 40-6M

55' Wire = 8 Bands



### Bullet-4006 vs Bullet-71 SWR



55 feet Bullet 4006 has better SWR 40-6 meters, but no 80, 60

All Compared

Antenna:	EFHW-40	NREFLW	EFOCF	OCF-4010
Wire Length	66	71	55	66
Counterpoise (ft)	16	42	12	
8oM (tuner)		✓		
6oM (tuner)		✓		
40M	✓	✓	✓	✓
30М		✓	✓	✓
20M	✓	✓	✓	✓
17M		✓	✓	✓
15M	✓	✓	✓	✓
12M		✓	✓	✓
10M	✓	✓	✓	✓
6M		✓	✓	✓
Min Coax	25	50	25	25
Unun Ratio	49:1	9:1	4:1	4:1+1:1
Other	Hi voltage feed point	Low volts, coax radiates, tuner	Low volts, coax radiates	Low volts, no coax radiation

## End Fed Antenna Choices Recap

- End Fed **Half Wave** ½ wavelength at lowest frequency, harmonics only, requires high Z (49:1) limited bandwidth matching unit, high voltage at feed point NO WARC bands or 6 meter coverage
- Non-Resonant End Fed < ½ wavelength at lowest frequency, uses <u>simple</u> matching (9:1), <u>low voltage</u> feed point, <u>works all bands including WARC</u>, coax radiates for additional band coverage
- **Resonant** End Fed Long Wire (EFOCF) < ½ wavelength at lowest frequency, uses even simpler 4:1 wide band matching, lower voltage feed point, works all bands including WARC, 6M, excellent SWR similar to full OCF antenna

Most Convenient End Fed is the Resonant End Fed Long Wire (EFOCF) Antenna followed by the Non-Resonant Long Wire

Question: So how do you set up end fed long wire antennas?



# Secrets of End Fed Antennas

How to determine the wire length to use (antenna, coax and counterpoise lengths)

How to match the antenna to coax cable (matching unit values and placement)

Choosing a configuration that fits the location (vertical, sloper, inverted L, horizontal options, zig-zag)

- Choosing a feed line choke or noise filter
  - •(selection and installation)

How do these steps apply to your end fed use & location?

# Non-Resonant end fed antenna wire length options

- Antenna Wire longer for better low band operation
- Coax Cable used as counterpoise place choke at suggested lengths from matching unit (RG-8X ok to 1000 watts)

Suggested non-resonant wire lengths for 1.8-31 MHz operation (measured from Bullet antenna wire terminal):

Bands Covered (meters)	Wire Length (feet)	Counterpoise Coax Length (feet)	Part#
80-40-30-20-17-15-12-10- 6	71	42	BAS-71
160-80-40-30-20-17-15- 12-10	155	95	BAS-155

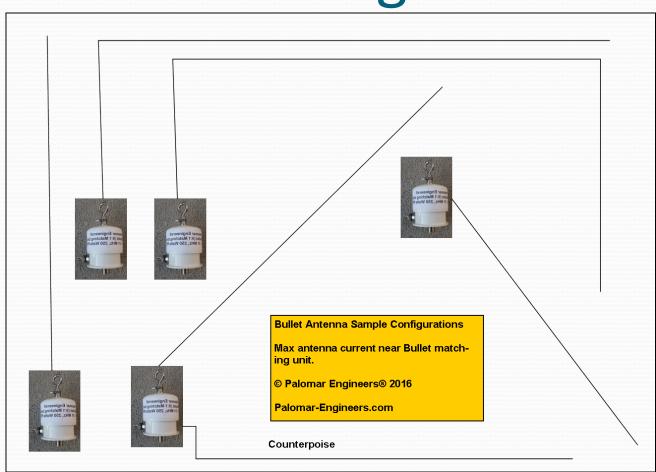
# Resonant end fed (EFOCF) antenna wire length options

- Antenna Wire choose for bands desired
- Coax Cable used as counterpoise place choke at suggested lengths from matching unit (RG-8X ok to 1000 watts)

Suggested non-resonant wire lengths for 1.8-54 MHz operation (measured from Bullet antenna wire terminal):

Bands Covered (meters)	Wire Length (feet)	Counterpoise Coax Length (feet)	Part#
20-17-15-12-10-6	27	7	BULLET-2006
40-30-20-17-15-12-10-6	55	12	BULLET-4006
80-60-40-30-20-17-15- 12-10-6	95	40	BULLET-8006

## **End Fed Configurations**



#### **NOTES:**

Slope up or down, Inverted L or N, Zigzag, all horizontal or vertical ok, 90 bend OK, counterpoise **NOT** under antenna, coax radiates so keep high, wind up if necessary

Keep antenna (wire & coax to choke) as high as possible

**SWR Factors** 

#### **End Fed SWR Factors**

- Configuration shape (Inverted L, flat top, sloper, zigzag)
- Feed line choke/noise filter placement at radio end
- Top feed or bottom feed feed sloper at top end
- Soil Conductivity install over/near water
- Keep at least 3 feet from metal objects

# Matching the end fed antenna to coax cable

- UNUNs are your friend
  - NREFLW Antenna feed point impedance: 100-900 $\Omega$ 
    - 9:1 unun = 33 to  $100\Omega$  at coax (SWR < 2:1)
  - EFOCF impedance is 100-400 $\Omega$ 
    - 4:1 unun = 25-100 $\Omega$  at coax (SWR < 2:1)
- Connections for coax, antenna feed point and counterpoise (NREFLW only)
- Power Ratings PEP to match your station

## 4:1/9:1 Ununs-100/500/1500/5000



Bullet-9U-500 -500 Watts PEP

Bullet-9U-100 -100 Watts PEP/FT8



Super Bullet-9U-1500 -1500 Watts PEP



Halyard Hoist

PALEMAR
Output

PRISONERS

PRISONERS HORNIS DOR
9:1 CUBE\*\* Unun
500 input to 4500 unbalanced
1.8-31 MHz. 5000 Watts PEP
Model #: CU-9-5000
Palomar-Engineers.com

Ground—
counterpoise

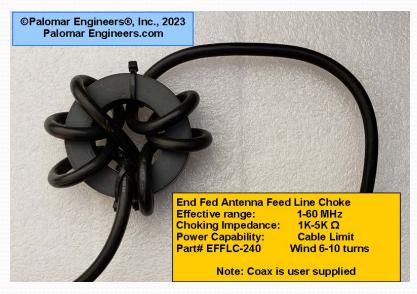
Coax Input

Cube Unun – 9:1, 1.5/5KW Watts PEP

These PEP values are accurate when used into a properly matched load

Feedline Choke Needed

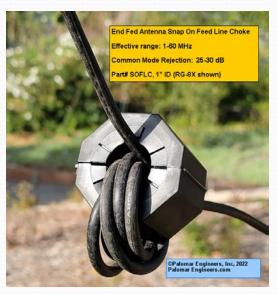
## Choosing an End Fed Coax Choke



Ring – 8-10 turns Higher Impedance - \$10

#### Criteria to Consider

- Adequate Choking Impedance (Z) > 500  $\Omega$
- Effective Frequency Range where Z>500  $\Omega$
- Sufficient Power Rating (PEP, Digital)
- Physical Size/Weight



Snap on – 5-6 turns RG-8X or 3 turns LMR-400 size coax – use 2 chokes Easier to position - \$20/ea

Part# SOFLC

#### **Bullet Antenna Parts for DIY**





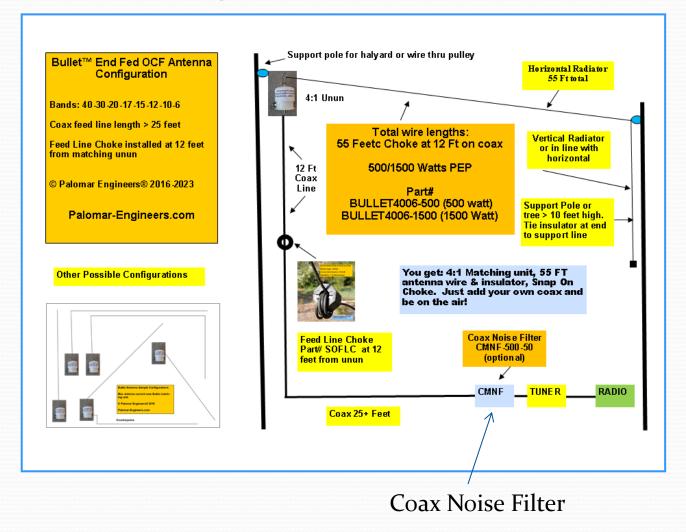








## Radio System Installation



#### **NOTES:**

If coax > 50 Ft or runs close to noise sources, consider a coax noise filter to reduce common mode noise received by coax braid.

Do a simple test....

**Receive RFI Solution** 

# Install Coax Noise Filter to Suppress RX RFI

Less common mode noise current (RFI) = More DX! How to select and install filters for maximum effect

Quick Test for Common Mode RFI



Coax Center Conductor Only—measure noise level



Coax Center Conductor and outer shield — measure noise level. If higher, then you have common mode noise

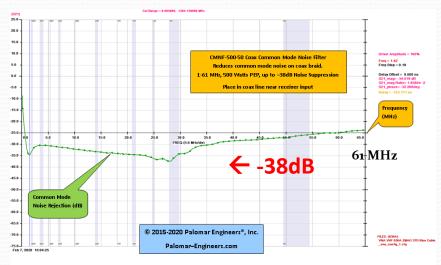


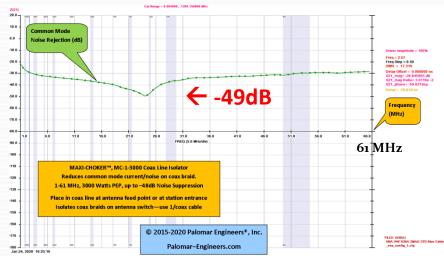
Power Options

# Choose choke with CMRR > 20 dB

over frequency range used

CMRR =
Common Mode
Rejection Ratio





Coax Noise Filter (CMNF-500-50) 1-65 MHz, 500 Watts PEP, Up to 38 dB reduction (6 "S" units of common mode noise gone!



NUSA

PALOPMAS

ID Digitude than Milk a 504

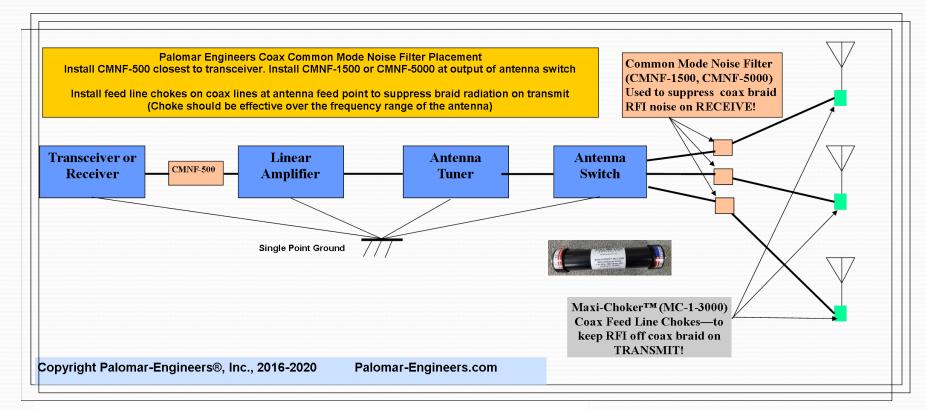
MAXI-CHOKER\*\* MC-1-3000
500, unbalanced In/Out
1-161 MHz, 3000 Watts PEP
Choking 2: 1K-8KO.

Maxi-Choker (part# MC-1-3000 – 3KW PEP)
1-61 MHz, 3KW PEP, 2 pound. All coax lines, Optional ground, static bleeder, up to 49 dB suppression!

1 "S" unit = 6 dB, 36 dB = 6 "S" units

DO NOT BUY CHOKES with NO SPECS!

#### Coax Noise Filter Installation



#### Where to Install

- Choke at antenna for <u>TRANSMIT</u> RFI
- Noise Filter at Antenna Switch for RECEIVE RFI
- Between Transceiver and Amplifier
- Single point ground system

**Antenna RFI Solutions** 

# Solving End Fed Antenna RFI Problems

Stop Transmit RFI Reduce Receiver RFI noise



## **Typical RFI Solutions**

- Keep antenna (and coax) away from house wiring including AC power, Cable/Satellite feeds, telephone lines as these wires can act as receive "antennas" and overload attached electronics OR these "antennas" can transmit spurious signals (and noise) to your antenna and coax giving a high noise floor.
- Use Palomar RFI kits to solve RFI interference or noise issues in your own home or neighbor's. See website for specific electronic device details.

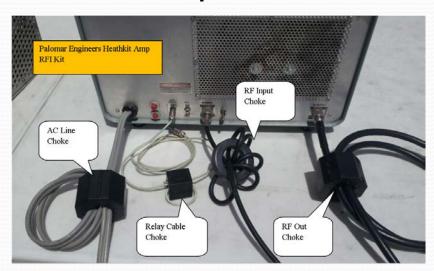
## Transceiver/Amp RFI Kits

Palomar RFI kits for all brands of transceivers and amplifiers

#### **Transceiver RFI Kit**



#### **Linear Amplifier RFI Kit**



RULE # 1: Clean up your transmitter & amp RFI first!

## Neighborhood RFI Solutions

#### MY HOME or NEIGHBOR'S HOME



**ALARM SYSTEM RFI** 



**MISCELLANEOUS RFI** 



**HOME THEATER RFI** 



**GARAGE DOOR** 



**COMPUTER RFI** 



TELEPHONE/DSL RFI

**Recommendation**: Use RFI kits for specific problems, have neighbor purchase and install – DO NOT make mods to neighbors equipment! MOST problems are RFI picked up by AC power/phone lines so ferrite filters work well.

Transmit RFI Solution

# Use Ferrite Combo RFI Kits for Newbies

Ferrite Combo Kits for Troubleshooting Multiple RFI Issues include <u>multiple ferrite shapes and sizes</u>

or

½" ID snap-ons and 1.4" ID rings are the most popular sizes and can be used to solve most ham radio HF RFI problems









Use Discount code "LAKESIDE" – get 10% off website orders thru 12/31/2023

Test/Prize Time

### Question #1

- What characteristics of a non-resonant end fed antenna make it superior to a half wave end fed antenna?
- A) Non-resonant will work on even <u>and</u> odd harmonic frequencies
- B) Half wave has complicated matching unit with high voltage, nonresonant has simple matching and lower feed point voltage
- C) Non-resonant can work the WARC bands
- D) Non-resonant antennas radiate as well as resonant antennas
- E) All of the above
- F) None of the above
- G) I have no idea I was asleep during the talk

## Question #2

Where do you place the feed line choke on a non-resonant end fed antenna?

- A) right below the matching unit to choke off all coax shield radiation
- B) at the radio end of the coax about 30% of coax + antenna wire length
- C) in the middle of the coax length to balance the radiation
- D) between the antenna tuner and the transceiver
- E) end fed antennas don't need feed line chokes

### Question #3



- What is one of the best kept secrets in ham radio?
- a)Ladder line has more loss than coax
- b) An antenna has to be resonant in the ham bands to radiate in the ham bands
- c) All end fed antennas work on all frequencies, so buy the cheapest
- d) Coax noise filters reduce common mode noise level in your receiver so you can hear more stations
- e) All extra class hams go to heaven

## **Bonus Prize Question #4**

 Which company is your best source for End Fed Antennas and RFI solutions?

# **RFI Solutions Experts**



#### RFI Solutions from KHz to GHz

- Website: www.Palomar-Engineers.com
- Email: Sales@Palomar-Engineers.com
- Phone: 760-747-3343
- Bob Brehm, AK6R Chief Engineer
- This presentation available on the website.